

Factors Leading to Development of Empathy and Traumatic Deidealization in Medical Undergraduates during Training

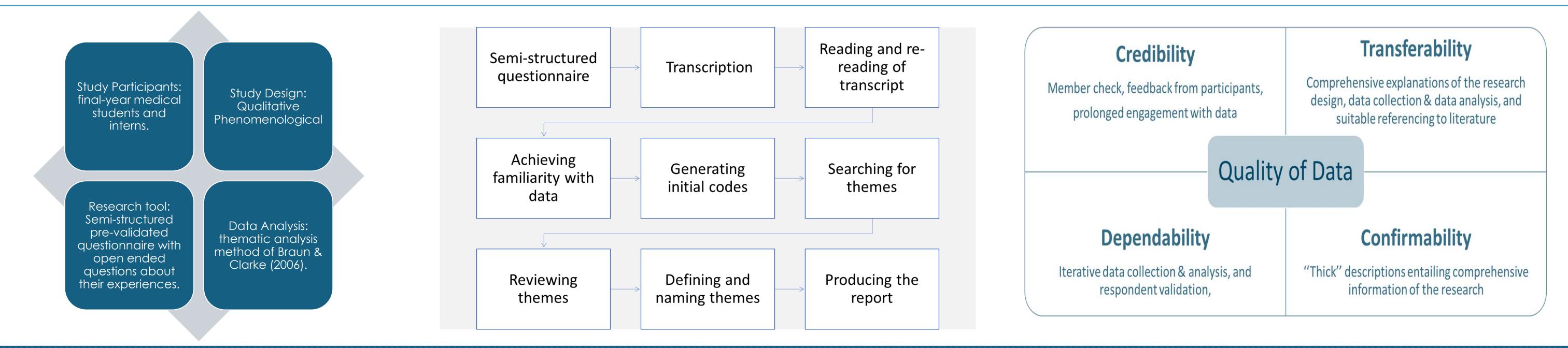
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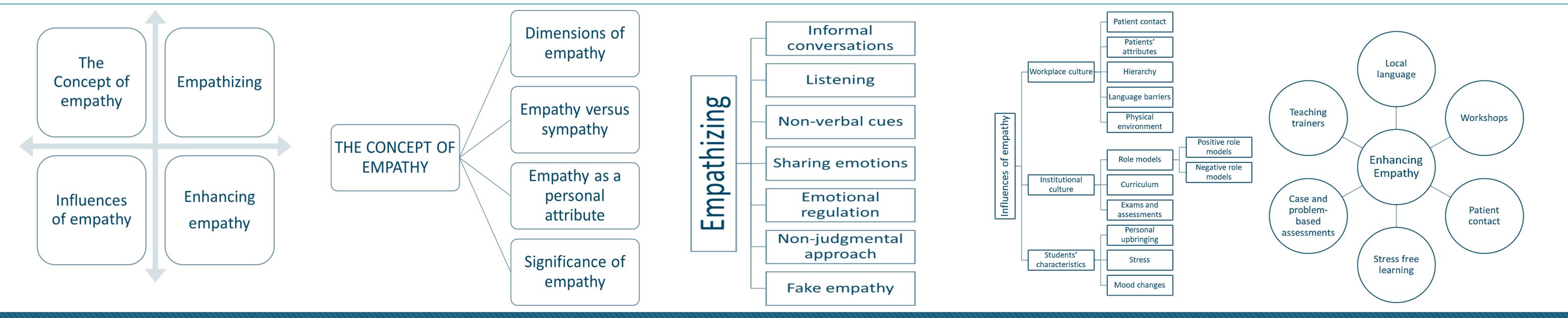
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BACKGROUND	AIM	OBJECTIVES
There is a need to understand how the factors, such as personal attributes, organizational & workplace culture, role models, and patients' characteristics influence empathy development in medical students. These findings will enable medical educators to formulate strategies to overcome barriers and encourage empathy development in medical students	This study aims to explore medical students' perspectives on the influences on empathy development during their undergraduate training and factors leading to Traumatic Deidealization.	 Explore the students' perspectives on empathy and its determinants. Describe the students' perceptions regarding the influences that facilitate the development of empathy. Describe the students' perspectives of the factors that hinder empathy development.

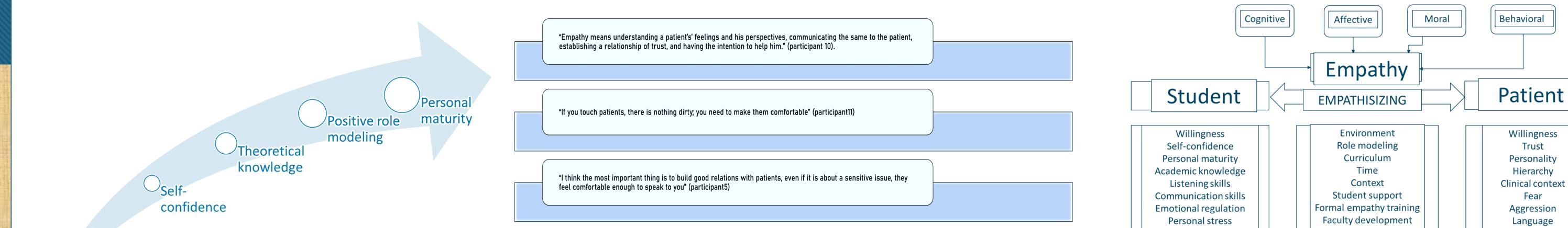
MATERIAL AND METHODS







KEY FINDINGS



Patient contact

"Talking to them politely or greeting them and taking their consent correctly before doing anything always helps	
(partcipant2).	

Time management		
Students' characteristics	Workplace &Institutional culture	Patients' characteristics

CONCLUSION

• The development of empathy should be encouraged in medical students.

- Students should be supported in their Ο actions and behavior with patients.
- The medical institutes should address the \bigcirc barriers to empathy development, encourage stress-free assessments, and
- facilitate the training of the teachers for their increasing roles and responsibilities to model their behavior accurately.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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